

# SOLVENT-FREE ELECTRODE MANUFACTURING FOR LI-ION BATTERIES TOWARDS DEVELOPING A CONTINUOUS PROCESS

## MOTIVATION

- Increasing sustainability is possible by water based [1] or solvent-free manufacturing
- Avoiding time and energy consuming drying step
- No explosion proof layout or solvent recovery necessary

### Main advantages

Reducing overall battery manufacturing costs: - 14.5 % [2]

Decreasing energy usage per kWh capacity: - 42 kWh/kWh [3]

## HIGHLIGHTS

- Innovative solvent-free manufacturing process for cathodes developed
- Electrochemical results of dry processed cathodes in coin cells and pouch cells
- Comparable electrochemical performance to NMP based cathodes manufactured on AIT pilot equipment

## EQUIPMENT AND R2R MANUFACTURING

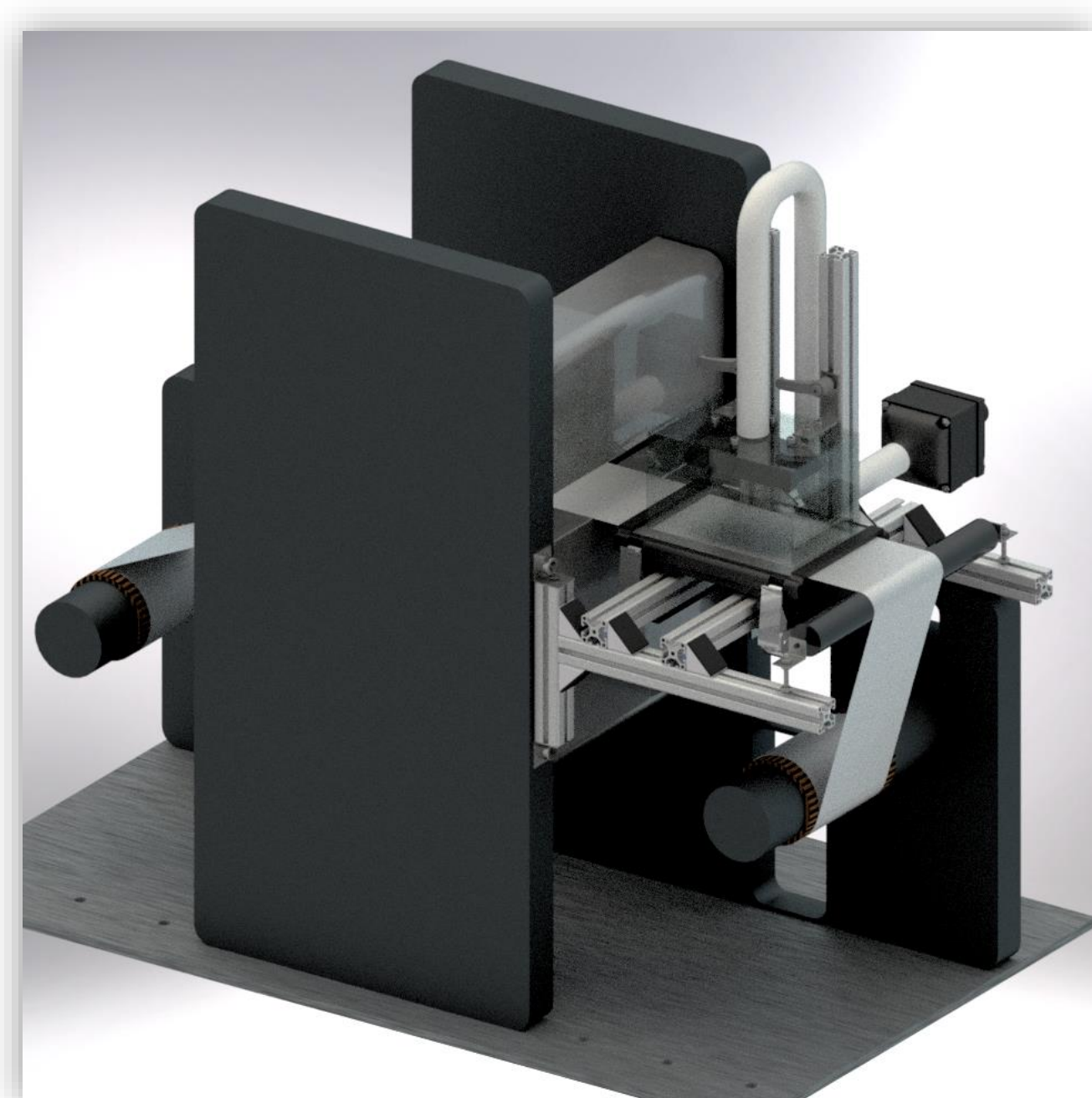


Figure 1: R2R calender with self developed dry coating device at AIT pilot line facilities [4]

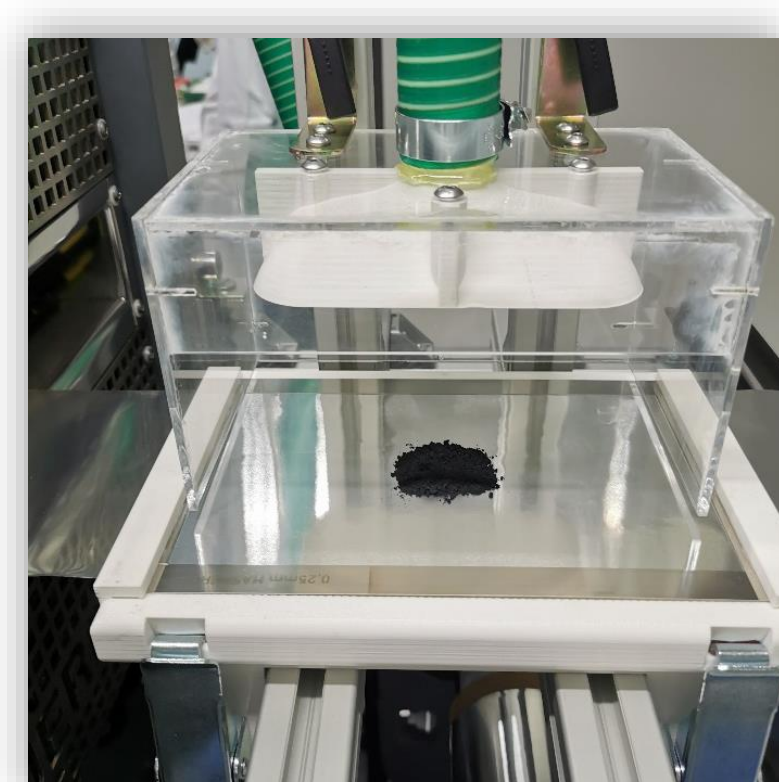


Figure 2: Solvent-free manufacturing process at AIT pilot line facilities [4]

**FORMULATION**  
NMC 622, PVDF,  
CB (90:6:4 wt%)

Ball milling



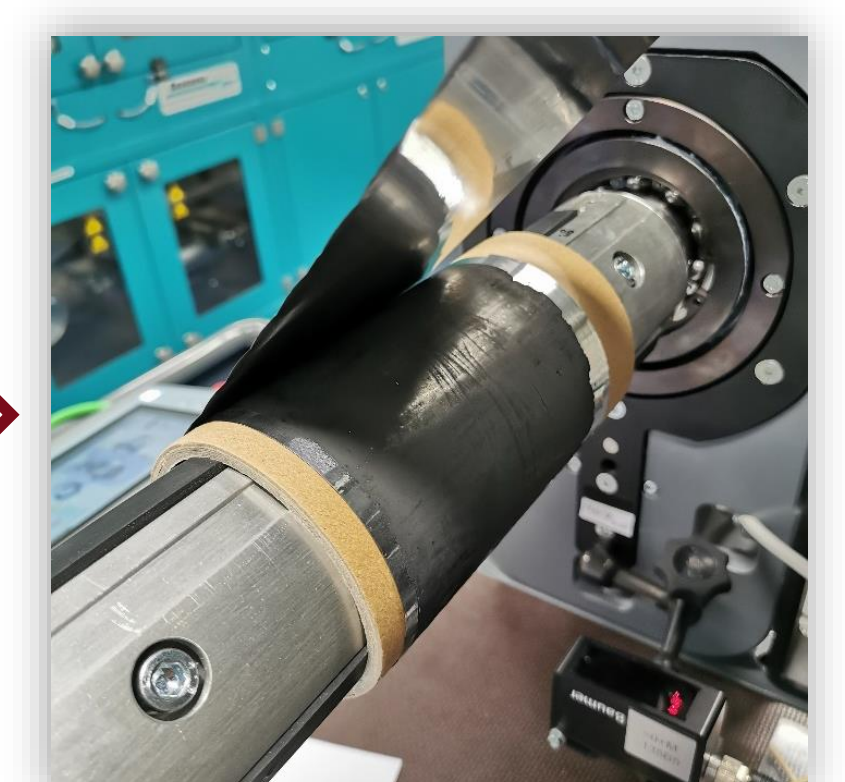
**DRY COATING**  
Pre-compact  
~ 300 to 550  $\mu\text{m}$

Area 160 mm x  
100 mm



**CALENDERING**  
Compression  
ratio of ~ 3

150 °C rolling  
temperature



**COIL UP**  
 $\varnothing$  86 mm  
4.0 mAh/cm<sup>2</sup> to  
6.9 mAh/cm<sup>2</sup>

## RESULTS & DISCUSSION

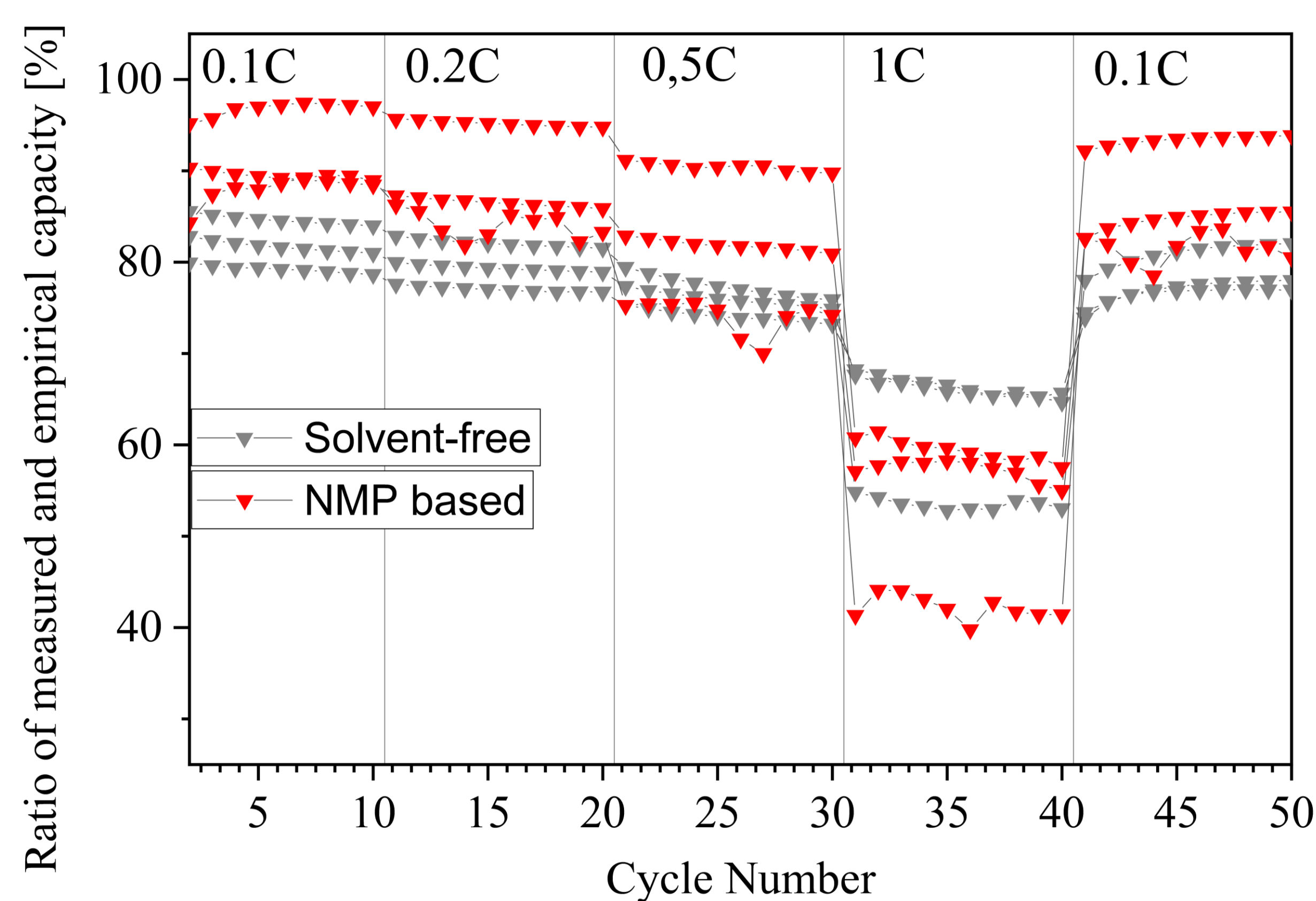


Figure 4: CCCV rate capability test at C/10, C/5, C/2 and 1C for 3.0 - 4.2 V of solvent-free cathodes and NMP based cathodes in coin cells, same anode (graphite), EC:EMC (3:7) + 2 wt% VC [4]

- ~ 10 % reduced discharge capacities compared to NMP based cathodes
- Similar rate capability and capacity retention behaviour compared to NMP based cathodes
- NMC 622, 4 mAh/cm<sup>2</sup> cathodes achieved 160 mAh/g at 0.5 C in pouch cells

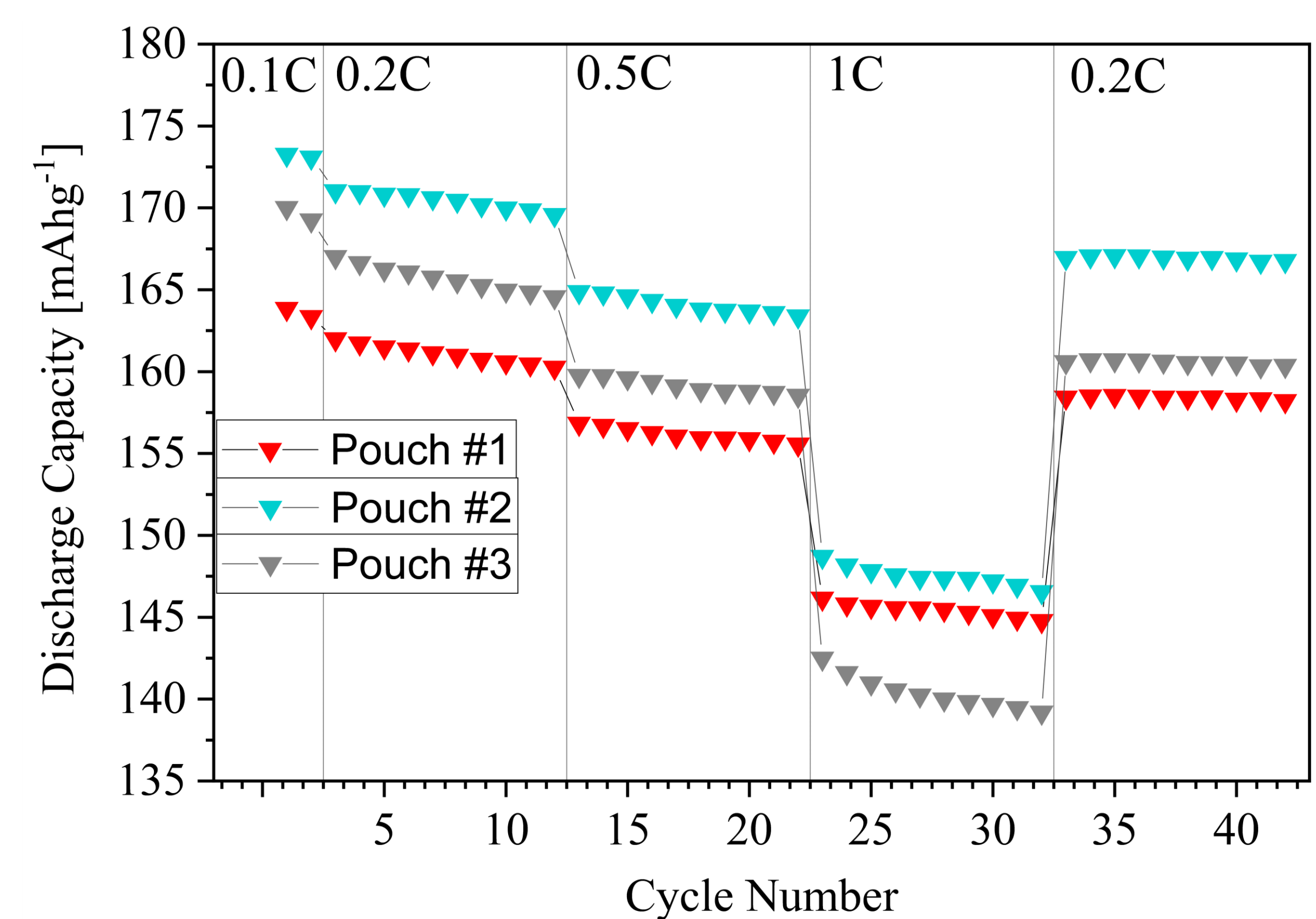


Figure 5: CCCV rate capability test at C/5, C/2 and 1C for 3.0 - 4.2 V of solvent-free cathodes in pouch cells, full cell with 260 mAh, EC:EMC (3:7) + 2 wt% VC [4]

## CONCLUSION AND OUTLOOK

- Successful solvent-free R2R manufacturing process
- Electrochemical results shown in pouch and coin cells
- Usability for different active materials to be proven

## REFERENCES

[1] Neidhart, L.; Fröhlich, K.; Winter, F.; Jahn, M. Aqueous manufacturing of defect-free thick multi-layer NMC811 electrodes. Nanomaterials 2021, currently under submission.

[2] Ludwig, B. J.: Solvent-free additive manufacturing of electrodes for Li-ion batteries. Doctoral Thesis, Missouri, 2019.

[3] Ahmed, S. et al.: Energy impact of cathode drying and solvent recovery during lithium-ion battery manufacturing. Journal of Power Sources 322, S. 169–178, 2016.

[4] Dirnbauer, D.: Lösungsmittelfreie Elektrodenherstellung für Li-Ionen Batterien in einem kontinuierlichen Prozess. Master Thesis, Vienna, 2021. available on: [http://pubdb.ait.ac.at/files/PubDat\\_AIT\\_148887.pdf](http://pubdb.ait.ac.at/files/PubDat_AIT_148887.pdf)

Please contact me for any follow-up information!  
david.dirnbauer@ait.ac.at



This work received funding from the Federal Ministry for Climate Action, Environment, Energy, Mobility, Innovation and Technology (BMK).

Federal Ministry  
Republic of Austria  
Climate Action, Environment,  
Energy, Mobility,  
Innovation and Technology